

Dave Kubeczko - DNR

From: Dave Kubeczko - DNR
Sent: Tuesday, November 04, 2014 8:14 AM
To: dave.kubeczko@state.co.us
Subject: FW: WPX Energy Rocky Mountain LLC, MV 11-11 Pad, NENW Sec 11 T7S R96W, Garfield County, Form 2A#400662749 Review

Categories: Operator Correspondence

Scan No 2107131 CORRESPONDENCE 2A#400662749

From: Haddock, Reed [mailto:Reed.Haddock@wpxenergy.com]
Sent: Monday, October 06, 2014 8:06 AM
To: Dave Kubeczko - DNR
Cc: Mestas, April; Meil, Kris
Subject: RE: WPX Energy Rocky Mountain LLC, MV 11-11 Pad, NENW Sec 11 T7S R96W, Garfield County, Form 2A#400662749 Review

Dave:

We are good with these COA's. Thanks Reed

From: Dave Kubeczko - DNR [mailto:dave.kubeczko@state.co.us]
Sent: Friday, October 03, 2014 1:07 PM
To: Haddock, Reed
Subject: WPX Energy Rocky Mountain LLC, MV 11-11 Pad, NENW Sec 11 T7S R96W, Garfield County, Form 2A#400662749 Review

Reed,

I have been reviewing the MV 11-11 Pad **Form 2A** (#400662749). COGCC would like to attach the following conditions of approval (COAs) based on the information and data WPX Energy Rocky mountain LLC (WPX) has submitted on or attached to the Form 2A prior to passing the Oil and Gas Location Assessment (OGLA) review.

Planning: The following conditions of approval (COAs) will apply:

COA 91 - Notify the COGCC 48 hours prior to start of pad reconstruction/regrading, rig mobilization, spud, start of hydraulic stimulation operations, start of flowback operations, and pipeline testing using the Form 42 (the appropriate COGCC individuals will automatically be email notified, including the LGD for hydraulic stimulation operations).

Construction: The following conditions of approval (COAs) will apply:

COA 23 - Operator must ensure secondary containment for any volume of fluids contained at well site during drilling and completion operations as shown on the Proposed BMP and Construction Layout Drawings attachments; including, but not limited to, construction of a berm or diversion dike, diversion/collection trenches within and/or outside of berms/dikes, site grading, or other comparable measures (i.e., best management practices (BMPs) associated with stormwater management) sufficiently protective of nearby surface water. Any berm constructed at the well pad location will be stabilized, inspected at regular intervals (at least every 14 days), and maintained in good condition.

COA 44 - The access road will be maintained as to not allow any sediment to migrate from the access road to nearby surface water or any drainages leading to surface water.

COA 76 - Strategically apply fugitive dust control measures, including enforcing established speed limits on private roads, to reduce fugitive dust and coating of vegetation and deposition in water sources.

COA 58 - Berms or other containment devices shall be constructed to be sufficiently impervious (corrugated steel with poly liner) to contain any spilled or released material around crude oil, condensate, and produced water storage tanks.

Drilling/Completions: The following conditions of approval (COAs) will apply:

COA 38 - The moisture content of drill cuttings managed onsite shall be kept as low as practicable to prevent accumulation of liquids greater than de minimis amounts. After drilling and completion operations have been completed, the drill cuttings that will remain on the well pad location (cuttings management area, the cut portion of the pad, cuttings trench, dry cuttings drilling pit), must meet the applicable standards of Table 910-1. After the drill cuttings have been amended (if necessary) and placed on the well pad, sampling frequency of the drill cuttings (to be determined by the operator) shall be representative of the material left on location. No offsite disposal of cuttings to another oil and gas location shall occur without prior approval of a Waste Management Plan (submitted via a Form 4 Sundry Notice) specifying disposal location and waste characterization method. Commercial disposal of drill cuttings will only require notification to COGCC via a Form 4 Sundry Notice.

COA 25 - Flowback and stimulation fluids must be sent to tanks, separators, or other containment/filtering equipment before the fluids can be placed into any pipeline, storage vessel, or pit located on the well pad; or into tanker trucks for offsite disposal. The flowback and stimulation fluid tanks, separators, or other containment/filtering equipment must be placed on the well pad in an area constructed to be sufficiently impervious to contain any spilled or released material.

Material Handling and Spill Prevention: The following conditions of approval (COAs) will apply to the Form 2A if any temporary surface or buried pipelines (poly or steel) are used during operations at the frac pad location or nearby well pads:

COA 45 - Operator shall pressure test pipelines in accordance with Rule 1101.e.(1) prior to putting into initial service any temporary surface or permanent buried pipelines and following any reconfiguration of the pipeline network.

COA 49 - Operator must routinely inspect the entire length of the surface pipeline to ensure integrity. Operator shall conduct daily inspections of surface poly pipeline routes for leaks during active transfer of fluids and implement best management practices to contain any unintentional release of fluids along all portions of the surface pipeline route where temporary pumps and other necessary equipment are located. Inspections shall be conducted by viewing the length of the pipeline; operator will endeavor to minimize surface disturbance during pipeline monitoring. In addition, pump stations along the surface poly or steel pipeline route will be continuously monitored when operating in order to swiftly respond to such a failure.

COA 54 - Operator will implement BMPs necessary to mitigate a potential for a release of fluids to impact streams, intermittent streams, ditches, and drainage crossings. For these crossings: if poly pipe is used on the surface, operator will ensure appropriate containment by either installing over-sized pipe "sleeves" which extend the length of the crossing and beyond to a distance deemed adequate to capture (catchment basins) and/or divert any possible release of fluids and prevent fluids from reaching the stream or drainage; installing over-sized pipe "sleeves" which extend the length of the crossing and installing shut off valves on either side of crossing instead of catchment basins; or develop an alternative means for containment. For all other pipeline materials, operator will implement BMPs necessary to mitigate a potential for E&P fluids to reach groundwater or flowing surface water.

COA 55 - Operator will utilize, to the extent practical, all existing access and other public roads, and/or existing pipeline right-of-ways, when placing/routing the surface pipelines. This will reduce surface disturbance and fragmentation of wildlife habitat in the area.

COGCC would appreciate your concurrence with attaching these COAs to the Form 2A permit prior to passing the OGLA review. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me at [970\) 309-2514](tel:9703092514) (cell), or email. Thanks.

Dave

David A. Kubeczko, PG
Oil and Gas Location Assessment Specialist

Western Colorado



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